TROOP-LEADING PROCEDURES

- Receive mission.
- Issue warning order.
- Make a tentative plan.
- Start movement.
- Reconnoiter.
- Complete plan.
- Issue plan.
- Supervise.

FIRE REQUEST (FM 6-30)

- Identification.
- Warning order.
- Target location.
- Target description.
- Method of engagement. Method of control.

ESTIMATE OF SITUATION (FM 7-10)

- 1. Conduct a detailed mission analysis.
- 2. Analyze the situation and develop courses of action.
- 3. Analyze courses of action (wargame).

SPOT REPORT

SHELL REPORT (FM 6-121)
1. Observer identification.

Location (coded). Azimuth to flash or sound.
Time (from and to).
Area shelled. Nature of fire. 7. Type rounds received (artillery, mortars, etc.). Damage (coded).

- Compare courses of action.

 Make a decision. 4. 5.

Size. Activity.

Location. Unit/uniform. Time. Equipment.

GTA 07-01-038

INFANTRY LEADERS' REFERENCE CARD January 1995

HEADQUARTERS. DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

References: FM 3-3, FM 6-30, FM 6-121, FM 7-8, FM 7-10, FM 7-90

INCIPETERINES. FINI 3-3, FINI 0-3U, FM 6-121, FM 7-8, FM 7-10, FM 7-90 (SUpersedes GTA 7-131)

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Task Organization

1. Situation.

- a. Enemy.
- b. Friendly.c. Attachments/detachments.
- 2. Mission
- Who, what, where, when, and why.Task and purpose.
- 3. Execution.
- a. Concept of operation.

 (1) Maneuver.

 (2) Fire support.
- (3) Engineer.

- b. Tasks to maneuver units
 c. Tasks to combat support units.
- d. Coordinating instructions.
- 4. Service support.
- a. General.b. Materiel and services.
- c. Casualty evacuation.
- d. Miscellaneous.
- 5. Command and signal.
- a. Command.
- b. Signal.

WEAPONS (FM 7-8)							
TYPE	MAX EFF RANGE (m)	WEAPO) HE ONLY (FM 7-90)				
M16A2	580 (pt) 800 (area) 200 (mov)			MIN		MAX	
M203	150(pt) 350 (area)		60-mm			3,500m	
M249	600 (pt) 800 (area)	81-mm (M252)		80m		5,800m	
M136 (AT4)	.300	81-mm (M29A1)		73m		4,790m	
M47 (Dragon)	1,000 (sta) 100 (mov)	4.2-inch		770m		6,840m	
MK19	1500 (pt) 2,212 (area)	120-mm		200m		7,200m	
M3 RAAWS	.700 (sta) 60 (mov)						
M60 MG	G1,100 (600 grazing)		FPFs (FM 7-90)				
	.1,800 (1,000 grazing)	GUNS	MORT	WIDTH		DEPTH	
	.3,000 (plng purposes)	2	60-mm	60m	Х	30m	
TOW 2		4	81 (M252)	150m	Х	50m	
105-mm	11.500	4	81 (M29A1)			40m	
105-mm Tank		6	4.2-in	240m		40m	
120-mm Tank	*2 to 2.5 km	6	120-mm	360m		60m	
25-mm BFV	.2.200	Plt	155-mm	200m		50m	
155-mm M109A3.	*	Btry	155-mm	400m	Х	50m	
M198							
8-in Howitzer	n Howitzer22,900			*Optimum engagement ranges			

MEDEVAC REQUEST

- Requesting unit identification.
- 2. Location.
- 3. Number of patients by type (litter or ambulatory).
- Type of injuries.
 Special equipment needed.
- 6. Tactical situation.

AIRCRAFT REQUEST

- Identification.
 Precedence/priority. 2.
- 3. Target description
- Target location. Target time/date.
- 6. Desired ordnance/results.
- Final control.

DELIBERATE ATTACK CONSIDERATIONS

- 1. Reconnoiter, pinpoint objective/enemy positions/obstacles.
- Determine weak points; designate supporting positions.
- 3. Assign platoon/squad objectives—identify the decisive point. 4. Determine main attack, supporting attack, reserve.
- 5. Assign breach, support, assault missions.
- - Designate fire control measures.
 - Coordinate indirect/direct fires and CAS to time of attack.
 - 8. Control measures during attack.
 - 9. Secure (ground and air).
 - 10. Consolidate and reorganize.

NBC 1 OBSERVER'S INITIAL OR FOLLOW-UP REPORT ZA. Temperature (centigrade)—2 digits, cloud cover— 1 digit,

- Instructions 1. Line items D and H are mandatory for NBC 1 reports.
- 2. Line items A, E, G, I, K, L, M, S, Y, and ZA are optional for NBC 1 reports.
- 3. Line Items B, C, F, PAR, and PBR are reported if data is

Section I. Chemical or Biological Only

- A. Strike serial number, if known (assigned by NBCE).
- B Position of observer
- C. Azimuth of attack from observer (state degrees or mils).
- D. Date and time attack started (Zulu, local, or letter zone).

 E. Time attack ended, if known.
- F. Location of attack (UTM or place) (state actual or estimated).

- G. Means of delivery, if known.
 H. Type of agent and height of burst, if known.
 I. Type and number of munitions or aircraft (state which).
- K. Description of terrain (bare, scrubby vegetation, wooded, urban, or unknown).
- S. Date and time contamination detected (Zulu, local, or letter
- Y. Representative downwind direction—4 digits (state degrees or mils), wind speed—3 digits (data kmph or knots).

- significant weather phenomena—1 digit, air stability—1 digit. ZB. Remarks

- Section II. Nuclear Only
 A. Strike serial number, if known (assigned by NBCE).
 B. Position of observer.
- C. Azimuth of attack from observer (state degrees or mils and grid or magnetic).
 D. Date and time attack started (Zulu, local, or letter zone).
- D. Date and time attack started (Zulu, local, or letter zone).
 F. Location of attack (UTM or place) (state actual or estimated).
 G. Means of delivery, if known.
 H. Type of burst (state air, surface, or unknown).
 J. Flash-to-bang time (seconds).
 K. Crater diameter (meters), if known.
 L. Cloud width at H +5 minutes (degrees or mils).
 M. Cloud angle(top or bottom) or cloud height(top or bottom) at H+10 minutes (state degrees, mils, meters, or feet).
 PAR. Location of radioactive cloud outline (UTM).
 PAB. Downwind direction of radioactive cloud (state degrees or mils)

- mils). ZB. Remarks.

DEFENSE PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

- 1. Establish security (OP/patrols, PWs, M8),
- 2. Position key weapons:
- a Coordinate with units on left and right
- b. Establish FPF or PDF for machine gun.
- c. Ensure mutual support between machine guns.
 d. Cover armor approaches with antiarmor systems.
- e. Establish fire control measures.
- 3. Prepare positions:
- a. Check sectors of fire.

- b. Check overhead cover and view positions from enemy vantage.
- c. Position in depth and achieve mutual support between positions.
- d. Select/prepare alternate and supplementary positions.
- 4. Integrate indirect fires, CAS, and obstacles with direct and indirect fire.
- 5. Check communications and establish emergency signals.
- 6. Designate ammunition, supply, PW, and casualty points.